

Oxford Revise GCSE Maths, Foundation tier

Home-learning Pack: NUMBER

THIS PACK CONTAINS pages from the Foundation Revision Workbook in the Oxford Revise series. It covers all the 'Number' topics within the GCSE Maths Foundation tier specification. The ebook can be access free <u>at this link</u>. The full print title can be found on Amazon <u>at this link</u>.

CONTENTS

<u>Place value</u>	<u>1</u>
Order of operations	2
Rounding and truncating	3
Significant figures	
Estimation	4 5 6 7
Error intervals	<u>6</u>
Calculating with negative	7
numbers Calculating with	<u>8</u>
decimals Introduction to fractions	<u>9</u>
Proportions of amounts	<u>10</u>
Calculating with fractions 1	<u>11</u>
Calculating with fractions 2	<u>12</u>
Fractions, decimals, percentages	<u>13</u>
Powers and roots	<u>14</u>
Calculating with indices	<u>15</u>
Factors and multiples	<u>16</u>
Prime factor decomposition	<u>17</u>
Finding HCF and LCM	18
<u>Standard form</u>	<u>19</u>
Calculating with standard form	<u>20</u>
Guided answers	





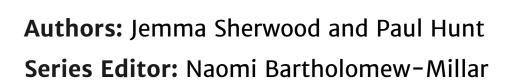


Edexcel GCSE (9–1) Maths



Suitable for Grades 1–5





The Oxford Revise GCSE Maths Series: Our approach

Our no-fuss approach lets you dive straight into the practice you need for the exam. GCSE Grades help you monitor your own progress on every page, and 'Guided answers' at the back help you mark your own solutions. The practice exam papers come with guidance too: for every question we let you know which page to turn to for extra practice. And you'll find perfectly matched support on the exact same page in the revision guide.



Place value



1. Write the number ninety thousand, one hundred and twenty-four using digits.

						•••••		[l got / 1 mark]
Grade	2.	Wri	te down the v	alue represe	nted by the dig	git 2 in each of	these number	S.
		a)	4269					
								[/1mark]
		b)	723000					
								[/1mark]
		c)	5.201					
								[/1mark]
Grade	3.	Put	one of the sy	mbols <, > o	r = in each box	to make a cor	rect statement	
		a)	0.36	0.306				[/ 1 mark]
		L)	0.450	0.45				[/ 1 mark]
		b)	0.450	0.45				[/ 1 mark]
		c)	1.9003	1.903				[/ 1 mark]
Grade	4.	Put	these numbe	ers in order of	f size, starting v	with the smalle	est.	
4				7.504	7.45	7.405	5 7.054	4
								[/ 2 marks]
Grade	5.	Wo	rk out				-	Hint
		a)	67.9 × 1000					k about how many places the sources and in what direction.
								[/1mark]
		b)	0.9 ÷ 100					
								[/1 mark]
Grade	6.	10	packets of sw	eets cost £8.5	50. How much	does one pack	et cost?	
2						·		
								n [/] markel
Grade 3	7.			192 = 864, wr	rite down the a	nswer to each	of these calcu	lations.
		a)	4.5 × 19.2					
000								[/1 mark]
		b)	450 × 0.0192	2				
								[/1mark]
		c)	8.64 ÷ 0.45					
						•••••		[/1mark]

Order of operations

	,		[] a	ot / 1 mark]
	b)	24 ÷ (6 – 2) × 5		
	,			[/ 1 mark]
	c)	10 – 3 ²		
				[/ 1 mark]
. 7	Wo	rk out		
Ζ.				
	a)	$(12 - 4 \times 2)^3$		
				[/ 1 mark]
	b)	$\frac{4 \times 5^2}{4 \times 5 \div 2}$		
	,	4 × 5 ÷ 2		
				[/ 1 mark]
	C)	$5 \times \sqrt{50 - 1} + 6 \times 3$		
				[/ 1 mark]
-			1-m-	
3.	USE	e your calculator to evaluate these express	ions.	
	a)	$\frac{2\times36+18}{20-12}$		
		20 – 12		[/ 1 mark]
		(3)3		
	b)	$\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 + 9 \div 3$		
				[/ 1 mark]
		√7.29 × 1000		
	5	¥7.22 × 1000		
				[/ 1 mark]

4. Bavan says that $2 \times 3^2 = 36$ but Eva says $2 \times 3^2 = 18$ Hint Explain your answer using accurate calculations. Who is correct? Explain your reasoning. [___/1 mark] 5. Rewrite these statements using brackets to make them true. **a)** 22 - 10 - 7 = 19 [___/1 mark]

b) 20 - 5 - 2 + 6 = 11

Rounding and truncating



Grad

1. Round 258.3 to

a) the nearest integer

			[l got / 1 mark]
	b)	the nearest 10	
			[/1 mark]
	c)	the nearest 100	[/1 mould
			[/1 mark]
e 2.	Rou	und 19.902 to	
	a)	the nearest integer	
			[/1 mark]
	b)	1 decimal place	
	c)	2 decimal places.	
			[/1 mark]
3.	Tru	ncate 8.2694 to	Hint
	a)	an integer	Remind yourself of the difference between truncation and rounding.
			[/1mark]
	b)	a tenth	
			[/1 mark]
	c)	a hundredth.	•
	-		[/1 mark]
4.	On	e bag of grass seed covers an area of 3.66 i	m². What size of lawn will nine bags of seed cover?
		e your answer to the nearest integer.	2

[___/ 2 marks]

Grade 2	5. A jug contains 3000 ml of jui	ce. A glass holds 310 ml. How many glass	ses can be filled from the jug?
			[/ 2 marks]
Grade 3	6. Mark is paid £18.93 an hour	and works 7.5 hours a day.	Hint
	Kwamé is paid £22.17 an hou	ur and works 6.5 hours a day.	Money is often rounded
	What is the difference betwe	en their daily pay?	to 2 dp.

[___/ 3 marks] £.....

Significant figures



1. Round 20193 to

a) 4 significant figures

					[l got / 1 mark]
		b)	3 significant figures		
					[/1 mark]
		c)	2 significant figures		[/ 1 mark]
		d)	1 significant figure.		,
					[/ 1 mark]
Grade	2.	Rou	ind 0.006 802 to		
		a)	1 significant figure		
					[/1 mark]
		b)	2 significant figures		
					[/1 mark]
		c)	3 significant figures.		
					[/1 mark]
Grade	3.	The	e area of a square is 40 cm². What is the length	n of the side of the square?	Hint
		Giv	e your answer to 3 significant figures.		You square the side length to get the area
					of a square.
			40 cm ²		
		-			
~					.cm [/ 2 marks]
Grade	4.	a)	Evaluate this expression using your calculate	or.	
			$\frac{4.56 \times 2.89}{12.1 - 0.56}$		
000				o digita on your colculator dig	
			Write your answer as a decimal, giving all th	e digits on your calculator disp	Jiay.
					[/1 mark]
		b)	Write your answer to part a to 2 significant f	īgures.	
					[/1 mark]
	_	ch :			
4	5.		rley rounds 0.065 29 to 2 significant figures a es the answer 0.07	H	int
		•	rley is wrong. Explain why.	Think about the differe figures and decimal place	
			,		
		•••••			
					[/1 mark]

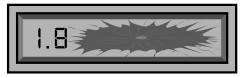
Estimation

Grade 4	1.	. Estimate the value of 2.84 $ imes$ 19.3. Show your working.	Hint You usually round numbers to 1 sf to estimate.
			[l got / 1 mark]
Grade 4	2.	• Estimate the value of $\frac{317 + 48.6}{9.683}$. Show your working.	
Grade 4	3.	• Estimate the value of $\frac{2.67 \times 1.36}{0.11 + 0.42}$. Show your working.	[<u> </u>
			[/2 marks]
Grade 4	4.	• A biologist visits a lake at the start of January and works out that the number is approximately 1000. She thinks that the population is growing at a rate of Estimate how many fish there will be in the lake five months later.	
			[/ 3 marks]
Grade 5	5.	In one week, an Italian restaurant sells 96 portions of lasagne. The restaura lasagne for £8.95 and each portion costs £3.20 to make. Estimate the profifrom lasagne in the week.	•
		£	[/3 marks]
Grade 5	6.	James is driving to visit his Gran who lives 405 km away. He leaves at 8.30 a average speed of 77 km/h, stopping for a 25-minute lunch break on the wat time he arrives at his Gran's.	

[___ / 3 marks]

Er	ror intervals		
5	number is given as 5.3 rounded to 1 decimal place. /hat is the smallest number this could be?		
		[1	got / 1 mark]
5	he length, L cm, of a rectangle is 14 cm to the nearest cention omplete the statement to show the range of possible valu		
		≤ <i>L</i> <	[/ 2 marks]
5	he length, p m, of a football pitch is given as 110 m. /rite the error interval for p if this value is rounded to) the nearest 10 metres		
		≤ <i>p</i> <	[/ 2 marks]
b) the nearest 5 metres	≤ <i>p</i> <	[/ 2 marks]
c)	the nearest metre.	≤ <i>p</i> <	[/ 2 marks]
5	number, x , is given rounded to a particular degree of accu /rite the error interval for x in each case.	iracy.	
a) $x = 4.67$ to 2 decimal places	≤ <i>x</i> <	[/ 2 marks]
b) $x = 5000$ to 1 significant figure	≤ <i>x</i> <	[/ 2 marks]
2	he average length, <i>l</i> seconds, of a chart song is 50 seconds to 2 significant figures. ive the error interval for <i>l</i> .	Hin Remember to use the symbols: minimum ≤ >	correct inequality

6. Sienna uses her calculator to answer a question. The display breaks and she can only see 1.8 at the start of her answer. Let x be the unknown number on the display and write the range of possible values for x as an error interval.



[___/ 2 marks]

Calculating with negative numbers



1. The table shows the minimum temperature (in °C) across five months of the year.

Μ	onth	December	January	February	March	April
1	inimum mperature (°C)	-1	-5	0	3	8
a)	In which month	is the lowest ten	nperature recor	ded?		
b)	What is the diffe	rence in minimu		between Decem		got / 1 marl ·v?
						[/ 1 mar
c)	What is the diffe	rence in minimu	m temperature	between April a	nd January?	
						[/ 1 marl
Fva	aluate					
	2 + (-5)					
						[/ 1 mar
b)	(−48) ÷ (−6)					
						[/ 1 marl
c)	(-3) ²					
						[/ 1 marl
Eva	aluate				Hir	
	5 + (-3) × 4			K	emember the ord	er of operacions.
						[/ 2 marks
b)	(8 – 10) × 4 – (–	10)				
	(-2) × (-6)		·····			[/ 2 marks
c)	$\frac{(-2) \times (-6)}{-10 + 7}$					
			••••••			[/ 2 mark



4. Thomas's bank balance is £241. He goes shopping and uses his bank card to spend £154 in the supermarket, £95 in the computer shop and £8.50 in a café. How much does Thomas need to pay into his bank account to bring the balance up to £100?

C	a	lculating wit	h decimals
Grade 1	. Eva	aluate	
	a)	2.906 + 8.31	[I got / 2 marks]
	b)	25.043 – 17.82	[i got / 2 indiks]
			[/ 2 marks]
3 2		aluate 7.4 × 0.26	Hint For part b , it's easier to divide by a whole number. How can you change the calculation to do this?
	b)	17.12 ÷ 0.8	[/2 marks]
	c)	$\frac{1.9 + 7.62}{9 - 8.3}$	[<u> </u>
Grade 3 3	• Se	ven identical toys cost a total of £55.65. Ho	w much does one toy cost?
			£ [/ 2 marks]
Grade 3 4		ex works out the answer to 14.5 $ imes$ 2.6. Alex plain, without working out the answer, how	says the answer is 3.77 v you can be sure Alex has made a mistake.

Introduction to fractions 1. Which is the larger fraction, $\frac{1}{5}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$? Explain your answer. You may use the diagram to help. [l got ___ / 1 mark] 2. Write these fractions in order of size, starting with the smallest. $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{7}{12}$ 3 4 Hint Find equivalent fractions with a common denominator. [___/ 2 marks] 3. a) Write each mixed number as an improper fraction, giving your answer in its simplest form. $1\frac{2}{5}$ i) [___/1 mark] **ii)** $3\frac{3}{4}$ [___/ 2 marks] b) Write each improper fraction as a mixed number, giving your answer in its simplest form. 17 i) 9 [___/1 mark] 92 ii) 40 [___/ 2 marks] **4.** After a party, Dave has $2\frac{1}{3}$ bottles of cola left and Lizzie has $\frac{19}{8}$ bottles Hint Here, you need to compare fractions that are presented left. Who has the most cola? Show your working. differently. Convert both fractions to the same form.

Proportions of amounts

Grade 2	1.		ork out		
		a)	$\frac{1}{5}$ of 45		
					[l got / 2 marks]
		b)	30% of 180		
					[/ 2 marks]
		c)	$\frac{5}{7}$ of 14		
			7		[/ 2 marks]
		d)	62% of 50		
					[/ 2 marks]
Grade 2	2.		ery month, Faizal receives a bonus of 15% (460. How much was his bonus in April?	of his earnings in that month.	In April, Faizal earnt
				£	[/ 2 marks]
Grando	-		8		
3	3.	Wh	hich is bigger, 110% of 90 or $\frac{8}{7}$ of 84? Show	all your working.	Hint A diagram such as a
					bar model can help with these kinds of questions.
[000]					
					[/ 3 marks]
Grade	А	Fve	ery year, a school raises money to donate t	o charity. One year, it choose	$\frac{3}{2}$
3			the money raised to a hospital. If the schoo		
		it g	ive to the hospital?		
(<u></u>)					
				£	[/ 2 marks]
Grade	5.	48	children go on an outdoor activities day a	nd must choose a morning ag	tivity
4			% of the children choose rock climbing.		
			of the children choose raft building.		Hint Calculate how many children
رقادي			e rest choose kayaking.		choose rock climbing and how many choose raft building.
			ork out how many children choose kayakin	a.	

Calculating with fractions 1

Grade 1. What is the reciprocal of 0.25?	
	[l got / 1 mark]
Grade 3 2. Work out and simplify where possible	
a) $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{5}$ b) $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{14}{9}$	[/ 1 mark] [/ 2 marks]
Grade 3. Evaluate and simplify where possible	
a) $\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{11}$ b) $\frac{6}{5} \div \frac{7}{10}$	[/ 2 marks]
4. A café uses up $\frac{2}{3}$ of a box of coffee beans every day. How many days will i	
the café to use up 16 boxes of coffee beans?	
5. In a model village, everything is built at a size $\frac{1}{9}$ of the original size. If a str real life, work out how long it is in the model village. Give your answer in	reet is 30 m long in
6. Rafael reserves $\frac{3}{10}$ of his monthly wage to pay his bills. $\frac{1}{4}$ of this amount is spent on his electricity bill. What fraction of his monthly wage does Rafael spend on his electricity bill?	m [<u>/2 marks</u>] Hint What calculation does the word 'of' represent?
7. A triangle has base $1\frac{1}{5}$ cm and perpendicular height $\frac{6}{5}$ cm. A rectangle has the same area as the triangle. If the width of the rectangle is $\frac{2}{5}$ cm, what is its length, <i>x</i> cm? Give your answer in its simplest form. $\frac{6}{5}$ cm $\frac{2}{5}$ cm $\frac{x \text{ cm}}{x \text{ cm}}$	[/2 marks] Hint This question combines fractions and geometry. Find the area of the triangle. What is the same about both shapes?
$\frac{1}{5}$	cm [/ 3 marks] _

11

Calculating with fractions 2

Grade 3

Grad

Grade

1. Work out and simplify where possible

-	a)	$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5}$		[leat / Departure]
	b)	$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{6}$		[I got / 2 marks]
	c)	$1\frac{7}{8} + 2\frac{3}{4}$		[/ 2 marks]
<u>ه</u> 2	. Eva	aluate and simplify where possible		[/ 3 marks]
b nah		$\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{2}$		[/ 2 marks]
	b)	$3\frac{1}{6} - 2\frac{3}{4}$		[/ 3 marks]
3	. Jar	het says that $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$. Is Janet correct? Ex	plain your reasoning carefully.	
				[/1 mark]
4	0	of the students in a class drive to school. $\frac{2}{3}$ of the students in a class drive to school. $\frac{2}{3}$ of the students take the bus. What fraction of the students		Hint The whole class is represented by the number 1
				[/ 3 marks]
5		isy is building a model train track. Her tracl ich is $\frac{7}{2}$ m long and replaces it with a piece		

which is $\frac{7}{8}$ m long and replaces it with a piece which is $1\frac{1}{20}$ m long. Work out the length of her track now.

......m [___ / **3 marks**]



6. Maxwell is reading a book on his e-reader. When he picks it up one day, it tells him he is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the way through the book. He reads some and when he puts it down he is $\frac{3}{4}$ of the way through the book. What fraction of the book did he read?

Fractions, decimals, percentages

Grade 2	1.	a)	Write 0.4 as a fraction in its s	implest form.			
				······		[l got / 1 mark]
		b)	Write 6% as a decimal.				
							[/ 1 mark]
			Write ¹ as a persontage				
		C)	Write $\frac{1}{8}$ as a percentage.				
							[/ 1 mark]
Grade	2.	a)	Convert $\frac{6}{5}$ to a percentage.				
			-				[/ 1 mark]
		b)	Convert 0.035 to a fraction ir	, its simplast form	-		
		D)		ins simplest iom	1.		
							[/ 1 mark]
		c)	Convert 3.6% to a decimal.				
							[/ 1 mark]
							[/]
Grade	3.	Wr	ite these numbers in order of	size, starting with	the smallest.		
3			34%	0.3	1	16	
000			54%	0.5	3	<u>16</u> 50	
							[(2
							[/ 3 marks]
Grade 3	4.	An	online music streaming service	ce, Dittify, does so	ome research and fi	nds	Hint
		tha	$\frac{7}{20}$ of its users listen to its da	ily mix playlist in	the morning, $\frac{1}{5}$ of		rt the fractions to
			ers listen to their own mix play		5	percei	ntages first.
		Wh	nat percentage of users choose	e an album?			
							[/3 marks]

Grade 4 **5.** In Lin's class, 6 out of 25 students read fantasy books. In Jay's class, 8 out of 32 students read fantasy books. Lin says the proportion of students who read fantasy books is greater in her class than in Jay's. Is Lin correct? Explain your answer.

[___/ 2 marks]

Powers and roots

Grade 2 **1.** Write down the value of

	a)	4 ²		[l got / 1 mark]
	b)	2 ³		
		√49		[/1mark]
	c)	γ49		[/1mark]
	d)	∛27		
				[/1mark]
Grade	2. Eva	aluate		
	a)	$2 \times \sqrt{9 + 16} + 6^2$		
				[/ 3 marks]
	b)	$3^4 - 6 \times \sqrt[3]{8} + 50 \div 5^2$		
				[/ 3 marks]
Grade 3	3. The	e area of a square is 121 cm². What is its per	imeter?	Hint Think how the side length of a square relates to its area and to its perimeter.
				cm [/ 2 marks]
Grade 4	4. a)	Using your calculator, work out the value Write down all the figures on your calcula		Hint Remind yourself how to round to 3 sf.
000				[/ 1 mark]
	b)	Write your answer to part a to 3 significa	nt figures.	[/1 mark]
Grade 4	Wo	cube-shaped box of side length 8 cm is ma ork out how many smaller cubes of side ler x completely.		Hint Consider the volume of the box and the volume of the smaller cubes.

Calculating with indices

Carlo Charles Charles and the	
Grade 1. Simplify	Hint
a) $7^2 \times 7^5$	Remind yourself of the rules of indices.
	[l got / 1 mark]
b) $9^{10} \div 9^4$	[/ 1 mark]
c) $2^5 \times 2^{-3}$	ι/ ΤΠαικj
	[/ 1 mark]
d) $7^{-2} \div 7^{-6}$	[/ 1 mark]
e) (3 ⁴) ⁴	[/ I mark]
	[/ 1 mark]
Grade 2. Simplify	
a) (8 ²) ⁻⁵	
	[/ 1 mark]
b) $\frac{9^3}{9^2 \times 9^4}$	• • •
	[/ 2 marks]
c) $(2^7 \times 2^4)^{-1}$	[/ 2 marks]
3. Work out the area of the rectangle, leaving	
10 ³ cm	
10 ² cm	
Grade A Datas and that 23 yr 52 simplifies to 105 Data	
4. Peter says that $2^3 \times 5^2$ simplifies to 10^5 . Peter	r is wrong. Explain wny.
	[/ 1 mark]
Grade 5. Work out	
a) 13 ⁰	
	[/ 1 mark]
b) 8 ⁻¹	[<u> </u> , · · ·····
[2] ³	[/ 1 mark]
c) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3$	
d) $\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^{-2}$	[/ 1 mark]
(4)	[/]
	[/ 2 marks]

Factors and multiples

Grade 2	1.	He	re is a list of num		ŗ	0	10	10	24	20	26			
		Fro	m the list, select	. 3	6	8	10	18	24	30	36			
000			a factor of 12											
		,										[] 0	ot /	1 mark]
		h)	a multiple of 9										or/	
		D)	a multiple of 9										r /	1
													L /	1 mark]
		c)	a number whic	h is both a	a mult	iple of	12 and	a mult	iple of 4	ł				
													[/	1 mark]
		d)	a number whic	h is both a	a facto	or of 24	and a t	factor o	of 16					
													[/	1 mark]
		e)	two numbers w	vith a com	imon f	factor	of 5							
													[/	1 mark]
		f)	two numbers w	vith a com	imon i	multip	le of 60							
							.						[/	1 mark]
Grade	2	\//h	at is the lowest o	common	multin	lo of Q	and 17	7						
3	۷.	VVII	at is the lowest of		nunup	10 01 9		:						
													[/:	2 marks]
Grade	3.	Wh	at is the highest	common	facto	r of 18	and 12	?						
3			2											
													_	
							•••••						[/]	2 marks]
Grade	4.		ee alarms beep						•				Hint	
			ninutes, the seco ery 15 minutes. V		-					-		Is this	s an HCl uestion	Foran
			he same time.	VOIK OULI		ing it is	Delote	anune	e alaiti	is beep			ues non:	
											min	utes	г /·	2 marks]
~							•••••					lutes	L / A	2 11101 KSJ
Grade	5.		o 2-digit numbe		-				4 and a	lowest		000000	Hint	ne stang
		cor	nmon multiple o	of 60. Wha	t are t	he two	numb	ers?				Remind y use prime		
000												the HCF		

F	>]	ri	me factor decomposition	1
Grade 4	1.	Wri	ite 110 as a product of its prime factors.	
Grade 4	2.	a)	Write 540 as a product of powers of its prime factors.	[l got / 2 marks]
		b)	By looking at its prime factors, explain why 540 is divisible by 15	[/ 2 marks] Hint What are the prime factors of 15?
Grade 4	3.	a)	Write 750 as a product of its prime factors. Give your answer in index notation	[<u> </u>
		b)	By looking at its prime factors, explain why 750 is not divisible by 4	[/ 2 marks]
Grade 5	4.		e prime factor decomposition of a number, <i>x</i> , is $2 \times 3^2 \times 7 \times 13$ Is <i>x</i> even or odd? Explain your reasoning.	[/ 1 mark]
		b)	What is the prime factor decomposition of a number twice as big as x ?	[/ 1 mark]
Grade 5	5.		umber is a multiple of 4, 5 and 6. Write the prime factor decomposition of the allest number it could be.	[/ 1 mark]

[___/ 2 marks]

.....

Finding HCF and LCM

1. a) Write 160 as a product of prime factors.

			[I got / 2 marks]
	b)	Find the highest common factor of 160 and 280	
		Find the lowest common multiple of 160 and 200	
	C)	Find the lowest common multiple of 160 and 280	
			[/ 2 marks]
2.	Two	o numbers have prime factor decompositions $2^3 \times 5 \times 11$ and $2 \times 3^2 \times 5$	
	Fin	b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	Hint
	a)	the highest common factor of the two numbers	You may wish to use a Venn diagram to help with
			this question.
			[(2
			[/ 2 marks]
	b)	the lowest common multiple of the two numbers.	
			[/1 mark]
3.	Fra	n is sorting her books into piles. She has 225 yellow books and 324 orang	ae books.
		does not want to mix the colours and wants every pile to contain the sa	-
	of k	books. Work out the biggest number of books she can put in each pile.	

.....

Grad

Standard form 1. Write these as ordinary numbers.

	a)	1.56 × 10 ⁸				[] o	jot / 1 mark]
	b)	8.02 × 10 ⁻³					
							[/ 1 mark]
Grade	2. Wr	ite these numbers in s	standard form.				
3	a)	48 000 000 000					
							[/ 1 mark]
	b)	0.0000703					
	c)	95 × 10 ⁶					[/ 1 mark]
							[/ 1 mark]
	d)	0.68 × 10 ⁻⁴					
							[/ 1 mark]
Grade 3		e distance from the Si ite this number in sta		roximately 150 000	000 km.		
						km	[/ 1 mark]
Grade	4. Put	t these numbers in or	der of size, startir	ng with the biggest	-		Hint
4		2.1 × 10 ⁴	2.3 × 10 ⁵	0.21 × 10 ⁴	2200	Write all the same	the numbers in
	•••••						[/ 3 marks]
Grade 4		e size of a bacteria ce lich is smaller, the bac			is 0.000 000 0)5 m.	

Calculating with standard form

Grade 5

frad

1. Work out the value of each expression, giving your answers in standard form.

a) $2 \times (3 \times 10^2)$

b)	$(4 \times 10^{-4}) \div 2$		[l got / 1 mark]
c)	$(3 \times 10^{-2}) + (5 \times 10^{-2})$		[/ 1 mark]
d)	$(9 \times 10^7) - (3 \times 10^7)$		[/ 1 mark]
	rly says that $6 \times (3 \times 10^6)$ is written as $18 >$	< 10 ⁶ in standard form.	[<u> </u>
	verly correct? Explain your reasoning. rk out the value of 7 × 10 ⁻² × 30 000. Give	your answer in standard form.	[/ 1 mark]
	rk out the value of each expression, giving $(5 \times 10^4) + (6 \times 10^5)$	g your answers in standard form.	[/ 2 marks]
b)	(9 × 10 ⁻³) – (3 × 10 ⁻⁴)		[/ 2 marks]
c)	$(2.1 \times 10^8) \times (3 \times 10^{-5})$		[<u> </u>
d)	$(8.2 \times 10^3) \div (4.1 \times 10^7)$		[/ 2 marks]

Guided answers

A correct final answer automatically scores all the marks, unless specified otherwise.

Page 1, Place value

1. 90 124

1 mark for correct answer.

2. a 200 **b** 20000 **c** $\frac{2}{10}$ or 0.2

1 mark for each correct answer.

- **3.** a > b = c < 1 mark for each correct answer.
- **4.** 7.054, 7.405, 7.45, 7.504 **2 marks** for correct order; **1 mark** for any three in correct order.
- **5.** a 67.9 × 1000 = 67 900 b 0.9 ÷ 100 = 0.009 **1** mark for each correct answer.
- **6.** £8.50 ÷ 10 = £0.85, so 1 packet costs 85p. **1 mark** for division; **1 mark** for 85p.
- 7. a 4.5 × 19.2 = 4.5 × 192 ÷ 10 = 864 ÷ 10 = 86.4
 You could also estimate: 4.5 × 19.2 ≈ 5 × 20 ≈ 100, which is close to 86.4
 - **b** $450 \times 0.0192 = 4.5 \times 100 \times 192 \div 10\,000$ = $864 \times 100 \div 10\,000 = 8.64$ You could also estimate: $450 \times 0.0192 \approx 500 \times 0.02 \approx 10$, which is close to 8.64
 - **c** You know that $864 \div 4.5 = 192$, so $8.64 \div 0.45 = \frac{864 \div 100}{4.5 \div 10} = 192 \div 10 = 19.2$ You could also estimate: $8.64 \div 0.45 \approx 10 \div 0.5 \approx 20$, which is close to 19.2 **1 mark** for each correct answer.

Page 2, Order of operations

- 1. a $2+3 \times 9 = 2+27 = 29$ b $24 \div (6-2) \times 5 = 24 \div 4 \times 5 = 30$ c $10-3^2 = 10-9 = 1$ 1 mark for each correct answer. 2. a $(12-4 \times 2)^3 = (12-8)^3 = 4^3 = 64$ b $\frac{4 \times 5^2}{4 \times 5 \div 2} = \frac{4 \times 25}{10} = \frac{100}{10} = 10$ c $5 \times \sqrt{50-1} + 6 \times 3 = 5 \times \sqrt{49} + 6 \times 3$ $= 5 \times 7 + 6 \times 3$ = 35 + 18 = 53
 - 1 mark for each correct answer.
- **3. a** $\frac{2 \times 36 + 18}{20 12} = \frac{90}{8} = \frac{45}{4}$ or 11.25 **b** $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 + 9 \div 3 = \frac{27}{125} + 3 = \frac{402}{125}$ or 3.216 **c** $\sqrt{7.29} \times 1000 = 2.7 \times 1000 = 2700$ **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- **4.** There are a number of ways to explain this. Two examples of correct explanations would be:

Eva is correct because you calculate 3^2 , which is 9, then multiply by 2, so $2 \times 9 = 18$

Eva is correct. Bavan made the mistake of multiplying before squaring, whereas Eva squared before multiplying. **1 mark** for a correct, detailed explanation.

5. a 22 − (10 − 7) = 19 b 20 − (5 − 2 + 6) = 11 **1 mark** for each correct answer.

Page 3, Rounding and truncating

1.a 258	b 260	c 300
1 mark for ea	ich correct answer.	
2. a 20	b 19.9	c 19.90
1 mark for ea	ich correct answer.	

- **3.** a 8 b 8.2 c 8.26 **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- 4. 3.66 × 9 = 32.94 ≈ 33 m²
 1 mark for correct multiplication; 1 mark for rounding.
- **5.** 3000 ÷ 310 = 9.677, so the jug will fill 9 whole glasses. **1 mark** for correct division; **1 mark** for truncating to an integer.
- 6. $18.93 \times 7.5 = 141.975$, so Mark earns £141.98 a day. 22.17 × 6.5 = 144.105, so Kwamé earns £144.11 a day. The difference in their pay is £144.11 – £141.98 = £2.13 a day.

1 mark for Mark's pay; **1 mark** for Kwamé's pay; **1 mark** for the difference. Total 3 marks.

Page 4, Significant figures

- 1. a
 20190
 b
 20200

 c
 20000
 d
 20000

 1 mark for each correct answer.
- **2.** a 0.007 b 0.0068 c 0.00680 **1** mark for each correct answer.
- 3. Side length = √40 = 6.32455532 = 6.32 cm to 3 sf
 1 mark for square rooting; 1 mark for 6.32
- **4.** a $\frac{4.56 \times 2.89}{12.1 0.56} = 1.141975737$ b 1.141975737 = 1.1 to 2 sf
 - **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- 5. Shirley has rounded 0.065 29 to 2 dp instead of 2 sf. The correct answer is 0.065
 1 mark for a correct explanation.

Page 5, Estimation

- 2.84 × 19.3 ≈ 3 × 20 ≈ 60
 1 mark for correct answer.
- **2.** $\frac{317 + 48.6}{9.683} \approx \frac{300 + 50}{10} \approx \frac{350}{10} \approx 35$ **1 mark** for rounding to 1 sf; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- **3.** $\frac{2.67 \times 1.36}{0.11 + 0.42} \approx \frac{3 \times 1}{0.1 + 0.4} \approx \frac{3}{0.5} \approx 6$ **1 mark** for rounding to 1 sf; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- 4. Number of fish at start of January ≈ 1000 Increase ≈ 20 fish per day Five months ≈ 5 × 30 ≈ 150 days Number of fish after five months ≈ 150 × 20 + 1000 ≈ 4000
 1 mark for rounding rate of increase to 1 sf; 1 mark for correct calculation for the number of fish after five months; 1 mark for correct answer. Total 3 marks.
- 5. Number of portions sold ≈ 100 Sale price per portion $\approx \pounds 9.00$ Cost per portion $\approx \pounds 3.00$ Profit per portion $\approx \pounds 9.00 - \pounds 3.00 \approx \pounds 6.00$ Total profit $\approx \pounds 6.00 \times 100 \approx \pounds 600$

13

1 mark for rounding portions, sale price and cost to 1 sf; **1 mark** for a profit calculation; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

Note that you could also find the total estimated sale price (£900) and subtract the total estimated cost (£300) to get the total estimated profit.

6. Distance driven $\approx 400 \text{ km}$ Average speed $\approx 80 \text{ km/h}$ Time driving $\approx \frac{400}{80} \approx 5$ hours Time for whole journey ≈ 5 hours 30 minutes (including the break) Time of arrival is roughly 2 pm (8.30 am + 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours). 1 mark for rounding distance and speed to 1 sf; 1 mark for finding the time taken; 1 mark for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

Page 6, Error intervals

- The smallest number this could be is 5.25, since 5.25 is the smallest number that rounds to 5.3 to 1 dp.
 1 mark for correct answer of 5.25
- **2.** 13.5 ≤ *L* < 14.5
- 1 mark for 13.5; 1 mark for 14.5
 3. a 105 ≤ p < 115 b 107.5 ≤ p < 112.5
 - **c** $109.5 \le p < 110.5$

1 mark for each correct minimum; **1 mark** for each correct maximum.

- **4.** a 4.665 ≤ *x* < 4.675 b 4500 ≤ *x* < 5500 **1 mark** for each correct minimum; **1 mark** for each correct maximum.
- 5. 245 ≤ l < 255
 1 mark for correct minimum and maximum; 1 mark for correct interval notation.
- **6.** Sienna can see a truncation to 1 dp, so the error interval is $1.8 \le x < 1.9$

1 mark for correct minimum and maximum; **1 mark** for correct interval notation.

Page 7, Calculating with negative numbers

- **1. a** January
 b -1 (-5) = 4 °C
 c 8 (-5) = 13 °C
 1 mark for each correct answer.
- **2.** a 2 + (-5) = -3 b $(-48) \div (-6) = 8$
 - **c** $(-3)^2 = (-3) \times (-3) = 9$
 - **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- **3.** a 5 + (-3) × 4 = 5 + (-12) = -7 *1 mark* for -12; *1 mark* for correct answer.
 - **b** (8 10) × 4 (-10) = (-2) × 4 (-10) = -8 (-10) = 2 **1** mark for -8; **1** mark for correct answer.
 - **c** $\frac{(-2) \times (-6)}{-10+7} = \frac{12}{-3} = -4$

1 mark for either 12 in the numerator or -3 in the denominator; **1 mark** for correct answer.

4. Total spend = £257.50

Bank balance = $\pounds 241 - \pounds 257.50 = -\pounds 16.50$ Thomas must pay in $\pounds 100 + \pounds 16.50 = \pounds 116.50$ to get the balance up to $\pounds 100$

1 mark for subtracting the spend from £241; **1 mark** for –£16.50 or £16.50 overdrawn; **1 mark** for final answer of £116.50. Total 3 marks.

Page 8, Calculating with decimals

- **1. a** 2.906
 - + 8.310
 - 11.216

1 mark for lining up the digits correctly in a column; **1 mark** for correct answer.

- **b** ¹¹⁴/₂5.043
 - -17.820
 - 7.223

1 mark for lining up the digits correctly in a column; **1 mark** for correct answer.

- **2.** a 74
 - $\times \frac{26}{444} + \frac{1480}{1924}$ Since 74 × 26 = 1924, 7.4 × 0.26 = 1924 ÷ 10 ÷ 100 = 1.924 **1 mark** for multiplying 74 × 26 to get

1 mark for multiplying 74 × 26 to get 1924; **1 mark** for correct answer.

- **b** $17.12 \div 0.8 = 171.2 \div 8$
 - $\frac{2 \ 1.4}{8 \ 17^{1} \ 1.32}$ $171.2 \div 8 = 21.4$

1 mark for dividing
$$171.2 \div 8$$
; **1 mark** for correct answer.

c $\frac{1.9+7.62}{9-8.3} = \frac{9.52}{0.7} = \frac{95.2}{7}$ $\frac{13.6}{7 \cdot 9^{2} 5.^{4} 2}$ $\frac{95.2}{13.6} = 13.6$

> **1 mark** for getting correct numerator and denominator; **1 mark** for dividing 95.2 ÷ 7; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

3. £55.65 ÷ 7 = £7.95 7.95



1 mark for attempting to divide; 1 mark for correct answer.

4. By estimating, $14.5 \times 2.6 \approx 15 \times 3 \approx 45$. Alex's answer is not even close.

1 mark for a correct explanation.

Page 9, Introduction to fractions

1. $\frac{1}{4} > \frac{1}{5}$

Giving them a common denominator, $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{20}$ and $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{20}$ You can see $\frac{1}{4}$ is bigger.

Alternatively, you can say that $\frac{1}{4}$ must be bigger as one whole is split into four parts. Each part will be bigger than if the whole was split into five parts.

You can also show this by shading $\frac{1}{4}$ (horizontally) and $\frac{1}{5}$ (vertically) on the diagram:

1 mark for a correct explanation.

2. Giving each fraction a common denominator of 24, $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{24}, \frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{24}, \frac{5}{8} = \frac{15}{24}$ and $\frac{7}{12} = \frac{14}{24}$ You can now put them in order by comparing the numerators and you have $\frac{7}{12}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 marks for all correct, 1 mark for three out of four correct. **3.a** i $1\frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$ 1 mark for correct answer. **ii** $3\frac{2}{4} = 3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$. Alternatively, $3\frac{2}{4} = \frac{14}{4} = \frac{7}{2}$ **1 mark** for simplifying $\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{14}{4}$; **1 mark** for correct **b.** i $\frac{17}{9} = 1\frac{8}{9}$ 1 mark for correct answer. ii $\frac{92}{40} = \frac{23}{10} = 2\frac{3}{10}$. Alternatively, $\frac{92}{40} = 2\frac{12}{40} = 2\frac{3}{10}$ **1 mark** for simplifying $\frac{92}{40}$ or $\frac{12}{40}$; **1 mark** for correct answer **4.** Dave has $2\frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3} = \frac{56}{24}$ bottles left. Lizzie has $\frac{19}{8} = \frac{57}{24}$ bottles left. $\frac{57}{24} > \frac{56}{24}$, so Lizzie has more. Alternatively, Lizzie has $\frac{19}{8} = 2\frac{3}{8} = 2\frac{9}{24}$ bottles left. Dave has $2\frac{1}{3} = 2\frac{8}{24}$ bottles left.

 $2\frac{9}{24} > 2\frac{8}{24}$, so Lizzie has more.

1 mark for converting $2\frac{1}{3}$ to an improper fraction (or for converting $\frac{19}{8}$ to a mixed number); **1 mark** for writing both fractions with a common denominator (such as 24); 1 mark for a correct comparison and conclusion. Total 3 marks.

Page 10, Proportions of amounts

1. a $\frac{1}{5}$ of $45 = 45 \div 5 = 9$

- **b** 30% of $180 = 180 \div 10 \times 3 = 54$ c $\frac{5}{7}$ of $14 = 14 \div 7 \times 5 = 10$
- **d** 10% of 50 = 5So, 60% of $50 = 5 \times 6 = 30$ 1% of 50 = 0.5 S

o, 2% of 50 =
$$2 \times 0.5 = 1$$

$$52\% \text{ of } 50 = 30 + 1 = 31$$

1 mark for each correct calculation; 1 mark for each correct answer.

- **2.** 10% of \pounds 2460 = \pounds 246 So, 5% of £2460 = £123 15% of £2460 = £246 + £123 = £369 1 mark for correct calculation; 1 mark for correct answer.
- **3.** 10% of 90 = 9

So, 110% of 90 = 90 + 9 = 99 $\frac{8}{7}$ of 84 = 84 ÷ 7 × 8 = 96

Since 99 > 96, 110% of 90 is bigger than $\frac{8}{7}$ of 84

1 mark for finding 110% of 90; **1 mark** for finding $\frac{8}{7}$ of 84;

1 mark for a correct conclusion. Total 3 marks.

4. $\frac{3}{9}$ of $\pm 7200 = \pm 7200 \div 8 \times 3 = \pm 2700$

1 mark for correct calculation; 1 mark for correct answer.

5. Rock climbing: 25% of 48 = 48 ÷ 4 = 12 Raft building: $\frac{5}{12}$ of $48 = 48 \div 12 \times 5 = 20$ Kayaking: 48 - 12 - 20 = 16 children

1 mark for the number who choose rock climbing; 1 mark for the number who choose raft building; 1 mark for the number who choose kayaking. Total 3 marks.

Page 11, Calculating with fractions 1

1 mark for correct answer.

2. a
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{15}$$

1 mark for correct answer.
b $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{14}{9} = \frac{\frac{3}{3} \times \frac{14}{7}}{\frac{7}{3} \times \frac{9}{3}} = \frac{1 \times 2}{1 \times 3} = \frac{2}{3}$

1 mark for multiplying; 1 mark for the simplified answer.

3. a
$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{11} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{11}{1} = \frac{33}{4} = 8\frac{3}{4}$$

1 mark for turning into multiplication; 1 mark for correct answer in improper fraction or mixed number form.

b $\frac{6}{5} \div \frac{7}{10} = \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{10}{7} = \frac{6 \times 10}{5 \times 7} = \frac{6 \times 2}{1 \times 7} = \frac{12}{7} = 1\frac{5}{7}$

1 mark for writing a correct multiplication; 1 mark for correct, simplified answer in improper fraction or mixed number form.

4. $16 \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{1} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{6} \times 3}{1 \times \sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{8 \times 3}{1 \times 1} = \frac{24}{1} = 24$ days

1 mark for writing a division and turning into a correct multiplication; 1 mark for correct answer.

- **5.** $\frac{1}{9}$ of $30 = \frac{1}{9} \times 30 = \frac{30}{9} = \frac{10}{3}$ m or $3\frac{1}{3}$ m 1 mark for multiplying; 1 mark for correct simplified answer (improper fraction or mixed number).
- **6.** $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{3}{10} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{3}{40}$ 1 mark for multiplying; 1 mark for correct answer.
- 7. Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{18}{25}$ cm² This is the area of the rectangle. 18 2 18 5 $18 \times 5 - 9 \times 1$ Length

th of rectangle =
$$\frac{16}{25} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{16}{25} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{18}{25} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{5 \times 1}{5 \times 1}$$

= $\frac{9}{5}$ cm or $1\frac{4}{5}$ cm

1 mark for writing a correct multiplication; 1 mark for writing a division and turning into a correct multiplication; 1 mark for correct, simplified answer (improper fraction or mixed number). Total 3 marks.

Page 12, Calculating with fractions 2

- **1. a** $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{5+3}{15} = \frac{8}{15}$ 1 mark for finding a common denominator; 1 mark for
 - **b** $\frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{4}{18} + \frac{15}{18} = \frac{19}{18}$ or $1\frac{1}{18}$ 1 mark for finding a common denominator; 1 mark for
 - correct answer **c** $1\frac{7}{8} + 2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{8} + \frac{11}{4} = \frac{15}{8} + \frac{22}{8} = \frac{37}{8} \text{ or } 4\frac{5}{8}$ 1 mark for converting mixed numbers to improper fractions; 1 mark for finding a common denominator; 1 mark for correct answer. Total 3 marks.
- **2.** a $\frac{7}{9} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{14-9}{18} = \frac{5}{18}$ 1 mark for finding a common denominator; 1 mark for correct answer.
 - **b** $3\frac{1}{6} 2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{19}{6} \frac{11}{4} = \frac{38}{12} \frac{33}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$ 1 mark for converting mixed numbers to improper fractions; 1 mark for finding a common denominator; 1 mark for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

- Janet is not correct. She has added the numerators and the denominators. She should have found a common denominator and then added the numerators only.
 1 mark for a correct explanation.
- **4.** $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3+16}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$ $1 - \frac{19}{24} = \frac{24}{24} - \frac{19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$

1 mark for finding a common denominator of 24; **1 mark** for adding to get $\frac{19}{24}$; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

5. $2\frac{4}{5} - \frac{7}{8} + 1\frac{1}{20} = \frac{14}{5} - \frac{7}{8} + \frac{21}{20} = \frac{112}{40} - \frac{35}{40} + \frac{42}{40} = \frac{119}{40}$ m or $2\frac{39}{40}$ m **1 mark** for converting mixed numbers to improper fractions; **1 mark** for finding a common denominator; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

6.
$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{9-4}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

1 mark for finding a common denominator; **1 mark** for correct answer.

Page 13, Fractions, decimals, percentages

- **1.** a $0.4 = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$ b 6% = 0.06 c $\frac{1}{8} = 12.5\%$ **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- **1 mark** for each correct answer. **2.** a $\frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5} = 120\%$ b $0.035 = \frac{35}{1000} = \frac{7}{200}$ c 3.6% = 0.036**1 mark** for each correct answer.

3. Convert everything to a percentage.

 $0.3 = 30\%, \frac{1}{3} = 33.3\%, \frac{16}{50} = \frac{32}{100} = 32\%$ The order is $0.3, \frac{16}{50}, \frac{1}{3}, 34\%$.

 mark for converting everything to a percentage (or everything to a decimal, or everything to a fraction with a common denominator), condone one mistake;
 marks for correct order (1 mark for three out of four correct). Total 3 marks.

4. $\frac{7}{20} = \frac{35}{100} = 35\%, \frac{1}{5} = 20\%$ 35% + 20% = 55%

100% - 55% = 45% play an album.

1 mark for converting both fractions to a percentage; **1 mark** for subtracting from 100%; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

5. Lin's class: $\frac{6}{25} = \frac{24}{100} = 24\%$

Jay's class: $\frac{8}{32} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{100} = 25\%$

Lin is not correct. Jay's class has a (slightly) higher proportion of students who read fantasy books. **1 mark** for finding either 24% or 25% or for giving both fractions with a common denominator; **1 mark** for a complete, correct explanation.

Page 14, Powers and roots

1. a $4^2 = 16$ **b** $2^3 = 8$

c $\sqrt{49} = 7$ **d** $\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$

1 mark for each correct answer.

2. a
$$2 \times \sqrt{9 + 16} + 6^2 = 2 \times \sqrt{25} + 36 = 2 \times 5 + 36$$

= 10 + 36 = 46

1 mark for $\sqrt{25} = 5$ and $6^2 = 36$ first; **1 mark** for multiplying before adding; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

- b 3⁴ 6 × ³√8 + 50 ÷ 5² = 81 6 × 2 + 50 ÷ 25 = 81 - 12 + 2 = 71
 1 mark for 3⁴ = 81, ³√8 = 2 and 5² = 25 first; 1 mark for multiplying and dividing before adding and subtracting;
 1 mark for correct answer. Total 3 marks.
- **3.** Side length: $\sqrt{121} = 11 \text{ cm}$ Perimeter: $4 \times 11 = 44 \text{ cm}$ **1 mark** for side length of 11 cm; **1 mark** for correct perimeter.
- **4. a** $\frac{\sqrt[3]{3.6^2 + 91 \times 3.7}}{\sqrt{6.25} + 1.8^3} = 0.845537207$ **b** 0.845537207 = 0.846 to 3 sf **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- 5. Volume of box = $8^3 = 512 \text{ cm}^3$ Volume of small cubes = $2^3 = 8 \text{ cm}^3$ $512 \div 8 = 64$ cubes will fit in the box. Alternatively, $8 \div 2 = 4$, so 4 cubes fit along each side of the box and the total number of cubes that fit is $4^3 = 64$ cubes.

1 mark for volume of box (or for finding that 4 cubes fit along each side); **1 mark** for volume of small cubes (or for 4³); **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

Page 15, Calculating with indices

- **1. a** $7^2 \times 7^5 = 7^{2+5} = 7^7$ **b** $9^{10} \div 9^4 = 9^{10-4} = 9^6$
 - **c** $2^5 \times 2^{-3} = 2^{5+(-3)} = 2^2$ **d** $7^{-2} \div 7^{-6} = 7^{-2-(-6)} = 7^4$
 - **e** $(3^4)^4 = 3^{4 \times 4} = 3^{16}$
 - 1 mark for each correct answer.
- **2. a** $(8^2)^{-5} = 8^{2 \times (-5)} = 8^{-10}$
 - **1 mark** for correct answer.
 - **b** $\frac{9^3}{9^2 \times 9^4} = \frac{9^3}{9^6} = 9^{3-6} = 9^{-3}$

1 mark for 9⁶ in the denominator; **1 mark** for correct answer.

- c $(2^7 \times 2^4)^{-1} = (2^{7+4})^{-1} = (2^{11})^{-1} = 2^{11 \times (-1)} = 2^{-11}$ **1 mark** for 2^{11} in the bracket; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- **3.** Area = 10³ × 10² = 10⁵ cm² **1 mark** for multiplying the two lengths; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- Peter has multiplied the bases. Since the bases are different this cannot be simplified as a simple power of 10 1 mark for a correct explanation.
- **5. a** 13⁰ = 1

1 mark for correct answer.

- **b** $8^{-1} = \frac{1}{8}$ **1 mark** for correct answer. (2)³ 2³ 8
- c $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3 = \frac{2^3}{5^3} = \frac{8}{125}$ **1 mark** for correct answer.
- **d** $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-2} = 4^2 = 16$ **1 mark** for 4; **1 mark** for correct answer.

Page 16, Factors and multiples

- **1. a** 3 or 6 **b** 18 or 36 **c** 24 or 36
 - **d** 8 **e** 10 and 30 **f** Any two of 3, 6, 10 and 30 **1 mark** for each correct answer. Just one correct answer needed to get each mark.

2. Multiples of 9: 9, 18, 27, 36, 45, ... Multiples of 12: 12, 24, 36, 48, ... LCM(9, 12) = 36
1 mark for any correct common multiple; 1 mark for correct answer.

- Factors of 18: 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18
 Factors of 12: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12
 HCF(18, 12) = 6 *1 mark* for any correct common factor; *1 mark* for correct answer.
- 4. Multiples of 6: 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, ... Multiples of 5: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, ... Multiples of 15: 15, 30, 45, ... LCM(6, 5 and 15) = 30 The alarms next beep together after 30 minutes.
 1 mark for any correct common multiple; 1 mark for correct answer.
- 5. Multiples of 4: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, ...
 Factors of 60: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30, 60
 HCF(12, 20) = 4 and LCM(12, 20) = 60
 The two numbers are 12 and 20
 1 mark for writing two numbers with a HCF of 4 or two numbers with a LCM of 60; 1 mark for correct answer.

Page 17, Prime factor decomposition

You might use a factor tree in your working with the same start and end as shown here but with different middle branches.

 $110 = 2 \times 5 \times 11$

1 mark for finding or listing the prime factors; **1 mark** for correct answer.

2. a



540

 $540 = 2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5$

1 mark for finding or listing the prime factors; **1 mark** for correct answer.

b Since 15 = 3 × 5 and both 3 and 5 are prime factors of 540, 540 must be divisible by 15
1 mark for a correct explanation.

3. a



 $750 = 2 \times 3 \times 5^3$

1 mark for finding or listing the prime factors; **1 mark** for correct answer.

- b Since 4 = 2 × 2, but 750 only contains the factor of 2 once, 750 is not divisible by 4
 1 mark for a correct explanation.
- **4.** a $2 \times 3^2 \times 7 \times 13$ is even since 2 is a prime factor. **1** mark for correct answer.

- **b** To double a number, you multiply by 2, so the prime factor decomposition of a number twice as big will have another factor of 2. This is $2^2 \times 3^2 \times 7 \times 13$ **1 mark** for correct answer.
- 5. The prime factors of each number are:

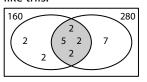
 $4 = 2 \times 2$; 5 = 5; $6 = 2 \times 3$ Any number divisible by 4, 5 and 6 must have at least two 2s, one 5 and a 3, so the smallest such number is $2^2 \times 3 \times 5$ **1 mark** for listing the prime factors of 4 and 6; **1 mark** for

1 mark for listing the prime factors of 4 and 6; **1 mark** for correct answer.

Page 18, Finding HCF and LCM

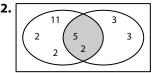
- **1.a** $160 = 2^5 \times 5$
 - **1 mark** for finding or listing the prime factors; **1 mark** for correct answer.

b 280 = 2³ × 5 × 7
 A Venn diagram showing the prime factors looks like this:



HCF(160, 280) = $2^3 \times 5 = 40$ **1 mark** for multiplying the common factors; **1 mark** for correct answer.

c From the Venn diagram, LCM(160, 280) = 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 × 5 × 7 = 1120
1 mark for multiplying all the appropriate factors;
1 mark for correct answer.

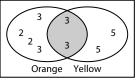


- **a** HCF = 2 × 5 = 10
- **b** LCM = $2 \times 2 \times 11 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 = 3960$

1 mark for correct Venn diagram or alternative method; **1 mark** for HCF; **1 mark** for LCM. Total 3 marks.

3. $225 = 3^2 \times 5^2$ $324 = 2^2 \times 3^4$

A Venn diagram would look like this:



The HCF of the two numbers is 9, so Fran can sort her books into piles of a maximum of 9 if they are to be the same size.

1 mark for the prime factors of 225; **1 mark** for the prime factors of 324; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

Page 19, Standard form

- **1. a** $1.56 \times 10^8 = 156\,000\,000$ **b** $8.02 \times 10^{-3} = 0.008\,02$ **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- **2. a** $48\,000\,000\,000 = 4.8 \times 10^{10}$ **b** $0.000\,0703 = 7.03 \times 10^{-5}$ **c** $95 \times 10^6 = 9.5 \times 10^7$ **d** $0.68 \times 10^{-4} = 6.8 \times 10^{-5}$ **1 mark** for each correct answer.

- **3.** 150 000 000 km = 1.5 × 10⁸ km *1 mark* for correct answer.
- **4.** Putting all the numbers in either standard or ordinary form:

 $2.1 \times 10^4 = 21\,000, 2.3 \times 10^5 = 230\,000,$ $0.21 \times 10^4 = 2.1 \times 10^3 = 2100, 2200 = 2.2 \times 10^3$ The order, starting with the biggest, is $2.3 \times 10^5, 2.1 \times 10^4,$ $2200, 0.21 \times 10^4$

1 mark for converting at least two of the numbers correctly to an alternative form; **1 mark** for any three in the correct order; **1 mark** for all in the correct order. Total 3 marks.

5. Virus: $0.000\ 000\ 05 = 5 \times 10^{-8}\ m$ Bacteria cell: $4 \times 10^{-7} = 0.000\ 0004\ m$ The virus is smaller. 1 mark for getting both numbers in the same form; 1 mark for correct conclusion.

Page 20, Calculating with standard form

1. a 6×10^2 **b** 2×10^{-4} **c** 8×10^{-2} **d** 6×10^7

1 mark for each correct answer.

2. Everly is not correct. 18 is not between 1 and 10 so it is not in standard form. The correct answer is 1.8×10^7 **1 mark** for 'No' and correct explanation.

3.
$$30\,000 = 3 \times 10^4$$

 $(7 \times 10^{-2}) \times (3 \times 10^4) = 21 \times 10^{(-2)+4} = 21 \times 10^2 = 2.1 \times 10^3$ **1 mark** for 21×10^2 ; **1 mark** for correct answer.

4. a $(5 \times 10^4) + (6 \times 10^5) = 50\,000 + 600\,000 = 650\,000$

 $= 6.5 \times 10^{5}$

1 mark for converting to ordinary numbers or the same power of 10; **1 mark** for correct answer.

b $(9 \times 10^{-3}) - (3 \times 10^{-4}) = 0.009 - 0.0003 = 0.0087$ = 8.7×10^{-3}

1 mark for converting to ordinary numbers or the same power of 10; **1 mark** for correct answer.

- c $(2.1 \times 10^8) \times (3 \times 10^{-5}) = 6.3 \times 10^{8 + (-5)} = 6.3 \times 10^3$ *1 mark* for 10³; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- **d** $(8.2 \times 10^3) \div (4.1 \times 10^7) = 2 \times 10^{3-7} = 2 \times 10^{-4}$ **1 mark** for 10^{-4} ; **1 mark** for correct answer.

Page 21, Terms and expressions

- **1. a** n-2 **b** n-2+11=n+9
- **1 mark** for each correct answer.
- **2.** 3g

1 mark for correct answer.

- **3.** 2x + 3y
 - **1 mark** for 2x or 3y; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- **4.** 7 + 4*p* + 3*q*

1 mark for correct answer (the three terms can be written in any order).

- **5.** a $2a + 3b = 2 \times 5 + 3 \times 2 = 10 + 6 = 16$
 - **b** 10 c = 10 (-4) = 14
 - **c** $\frac{8a}{c} = \frac{8 \times 5}{-4} = \frac{40}{-4} = -10$
 - **d** $ac + b = 5 \times (-4) + 2 = -20 + 2 = -18$

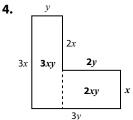
For each part, **1 mark** for substituting the numbers in the correct place; **1 mark** for correct answer.

Page 22, Simplifying expressions

1. a 2x + 3x - x = 4x*1 mark* for correct answer.

- b 3p 5q + 7q 2q + 4p = 7p
 1 mark for 7p or 0q; 1 mark for correct answer.
 c 7 + 5t 2 9t = 5 4t
- **1** mark for 5 or -4t; **1** mark for correct answer. **2.** a $x^2 + 4x + 3x^2 - 6x + 1 = 4x^2 - 2x + 1$
- **1** mark for $4x^2 6x + 1 = 4x^2 2x + 1$ **1** mark for $4x^2$ or -2x; **1** mark for correct answer. **b** $9mn - 2m^2 + 7nm + 11m^2 = 16mn + 9m^2$
 - **1 mark** for 16mn or 9m²; **1 mark** for correct answer (terms can be written in any order).
- **3.** 2x + 3x + x + 2 + x 1 = 7x + 1

1 mark for adding all the sides together; **1 mark** for correct answer.



3xy + 2xy = 5xy

1 mark for 3*xy*; **1 mark** for 2*xy*; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

Note that there are alternative methods.

5. Nikita: x, Gabriella: 2x, Paulo: x + 2x + 3 = 3x + 3 Total number of figures: x + 2x + 3x + 3 = 6x + 3
1 mark for 2x; 1 mark for 3x + 3; 1 mark for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

Page 23, Formulae

- 1. a Cost = 80 + 5 × 15 = 80 + 75 = £155 1 mark for substituting in; 1 mark for correct answer.
 - **b** $\frac{275-80}{15} = 13$ hours **1 mark** for 195 or subtracting 80 first; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- **2.** a $d = \frac{4+5}{2} = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5$

1 mark for substituting in; 1 mark for correct answer.

- **b** $d = 4^2 3 \times 4 = 16 12 = 4$ **1 mark** for substituting in; **1 mark** for correct answer.
- c 4 = 2d 122d = 4 + 12 = 16 $d = \frac{16}{2} = 8$

1 mark for substituting in; **1 mark** for rearranging; **1 mark** for correct answer. Total 3 marks.

3.
$$a = \frac{24 - 0}{8} = \frac{24}{8} = 3 \text{ m/s}^{2}$$

1 mark for substituting in; 1 mark for correct answer.

- 4. C = 100 + 40t or C = 40t + 100
 1 mark for 40t + 100; 1 mark for correct answer.
- 5. Number of tablets $=\frac{17.5}{3.5}=5$ 1 mark for substituting in; 1 mark for correct answer.

Page 24, Equations and identities

1.	Expression	Formula	Equation	Identity	
	e, g	b, f	(a), c	d, h	

1 mark for each correct answer. Total 7 marks.

1 mark for each correct answer. Total 3 marks.